Smoking Cessation and / or Harm Reduction

G. Ostiguy md, CSPQ, FRCP (c)

Chest Physician

Associate Professor (MUHC)

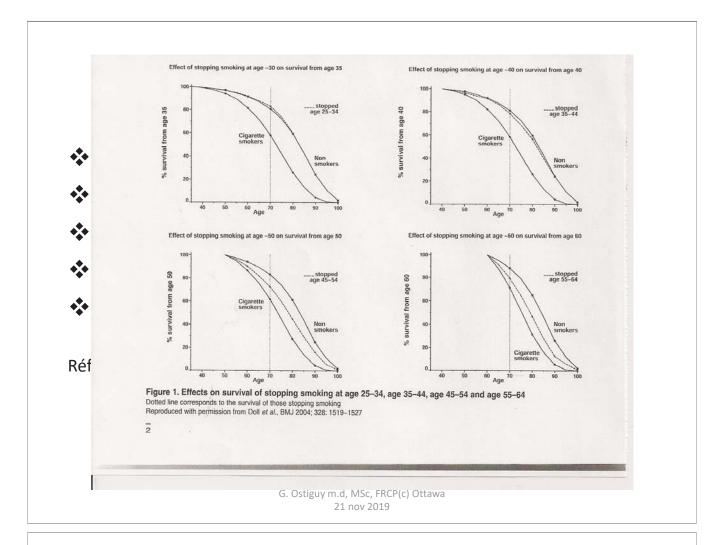
52nd Annual Course in Drug Therapy

May 2022 – McGill University

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Conflict of interest

I received payment to produce an expertise and testify at the trial opposing the Quebec Association of Vape shops and the Government of Quebec in December 2018.



Smoking Cessation

Approximately one in 3 smokers in the U.K. currently attempts to quit each year, but only about 1 in 6 of those who try to quit, remains abstinent for more than a few weeks or months (so it is about 5.5% altogether)

Ref: Nicotine without smoke. Tobacco Harm Reduction. Royal

College of Physicians; London, April 2016, p.106

NOTE: 66% in Canada will attempt to quit in the next 6 months (PROPEL Data 2015)



Early relapses

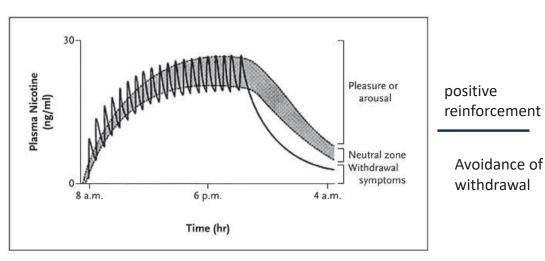
Mainly during the first 2 weeks
- 75 – 80 % releapse early
Releapse during the first 6 months

(U.S. Surgeon General 2000)

More than 50% during the first month of an attempt

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The Tobacco Dependence Cycle Balancing Reward and Withdrawal



Peak to trough oscillation of blood nicotine levels from cigarette to cigarette

G. Ostiguy m.d., MUHC October 2014 Benowitz, N Engl J Med 2010; 362



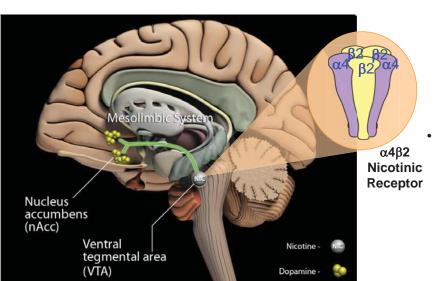
Cigarette smoking is and remains the best MOOD CONTROLER (so-called psychologic addiction)

Depressed – Down smoker lights Anxious – Nervous a cigarette



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Mechanism of Action of Nicotine in the Central Nervous System



- Nicotine binds preferentially to nicotinic acetylcholine (nACh) receptors in the central nervous system; one of them is the α4β2 nACh receptor in the Ventral Tegmental Area (VTA)
- After nicotine binds to the α4β2 nACh receptor in the VTA, it results in a release of dopamine in the Nucleus Accumbens (nAcc), which is believed to be linked to reward

+ IMAO



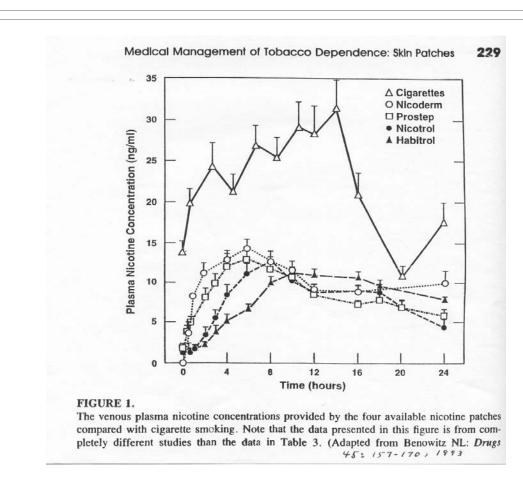
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Smoking and Health

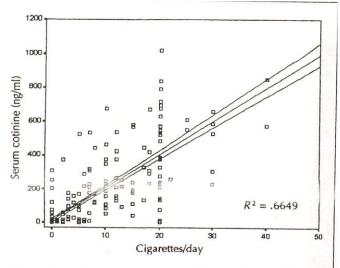
- « Smoking tobacco kills Nicotine does not»
 (Robert West)
- Nicotine does not cause
 - Cancer
 - ➤ Cardio-vascular diseases
 - ➤ Pulmonary diseases (COPD)
- But Nicotine creates dependence (addiction)



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Serum Cotinine vs Nb of cigarettes per day



Olivieri M. et al. ARCH Envir Health, 2002, 57 (4)

Fig. 1. Linear regression between the number of cigarettes smoked/day and serum continine levels.



G. Ostiguy m.d., MUHC October 2014

Hard Core Smoker

Criteria

- Older
- Important co-morbidities (COPD C.V.Diseases Cancer etc)
- Was told by his doctor that "smoking cessation" was an essential part of the treatment of his or her disease
- Alcoholism and/or drug abuse (including marihuana)
- Mental Health Problems



Hard Core Smoker

Criteria

- Has tried 3 or 4 times in the past to stop smoking, but was unsuccessful
- High score on addiction tests (HSI or Fagerström)
- Expecting severe withdrawal symptoms, from previous experiences
- High alveolar CO or high serium cotinine



G. Ostiguy m.d., MUHC Avril 2014

Higher Nicotine Concentration

Heaviest smokers belong to a group with great

- Social inegality
- Less education
- Psychiatric problems

Hard core smokers

PERSONALIZE – PERSONALIZE - PERSONALIZE



Nicotine concentration

The European Union Tobacco Product Directive
TPD 2014

upper limit: 20 mg/ml

❖ Royal College of Physicians: London 2016

"The cap on nicotine concentration may limit the effectiveness of *e*-cigarettes as a smoking substitute, particularly for heavy smokers"



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NRT

Choice of the nicotine dose

This is where you have to listen and ask the right questions. Number of cigarettes smoked per day (including evenings with friends) is a good indicator. Remember that nicotine yield means nothing! and that a RYO cigarette = 2 industrial cigarettes.

A starting point is:

6 mg/ml = 4-5 cigarettes a day

12 mg/ml = 1/2 pack a day

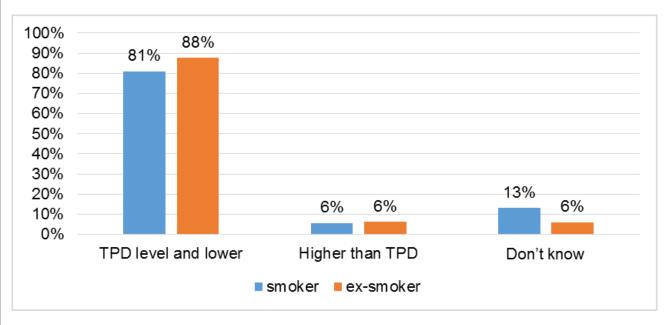
16 mg/ml = 15 cigarettes a day

18-20 mg/ml = a pack a day

Above a pack a day, (limitation to 20 mg/ml max) we recommand to add a patch at maximum strengh.

However, **be aware!** Some "light" smokers may need higher nicotine dose than you may thought.

Strength of nicotine in e-liquid used by current vapers (2017)



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E-cig

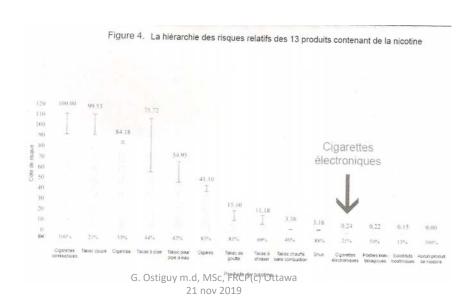
«Despite controversies, it is clear that *e*-cigarettes are far less hazardous than is tobacco. 95 % less

Smokers smoke primarily for the NICOTINE but die primarily from the TAR (combustion of tobacco)».

J. Britton et al. *Royal College of Physician*, London , England, 20 March, 2014.



Relative Harms of nic products



E-cig MCI Experience (cont.)

CO-MORBIDITIES

■ COPD – Asthma	59%
Coronary Heart Disease	45%
Cancer	6%
Diabetes	13%
Mental Health Problems	31%
on Psychoactive drugs	35%



Serum Cotinine Levels

Experience at the MCI

(January 7 - May 27 - 2010)

➤ Mean: 302

➤ Médian: 280

> Extremes: 120 - 800



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E-cig MCI Experiencece



• *E*-cig only: 45/75

Abstinents: 20 (45%)

• *E*-cig + Champix or NRT: 30/75

Abstinents: 12 (40%)

• Total of abstinents:

32/75 (43%)



E-cig MCI Experience

N=179

Ø <i>e</i> -cig	e-cig	daily use
N=104	N=75	49 (65%)

•	Abstinents > 30 days	32 (31%)	32 (43%)
•	Smokers	72 (69%)	43 (57%)
•	Reduction > 80%	6 (5.8%)	16 (21%)
	50-79%	5 (4.8%)	7 (9%)
•	Lost to F/U	8	1



G. Ostiguy m.d., Février 2015

E-cig vs NRT for smoking cessation

	E-cig		NRT
	second generation		or more
	flavor ad lib	ni	cotinic products
Nb of subjects			
at the beginning	439		447
at 1 year	356		342
Feco confirmed	18%		9.9%
abstinence		RR 1.83 (I.C. 1.3 – 2.	58)
Cough + phlegm		R.R 0.8	

Réf: Hajek P et al. A Ramdomized Trial of E-Cigarettes versus Nicotine-Replacement Therapy. *NEJM*, Jan 30, 2019



Clinical Studies

Too few unfortunately

Essentially from Farsalinos, KE and R. Polosa on Asthma

COPD

High Blood Pressure



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Etudes cliniques

Peu nombreuses

- ❖ Polosa, R. 2016
 - Asthmatiques suivis X 24 mois
 - Amélioration des symptômes
 - Meilleur contrôle
 - Diminution de l'hyperexcitabilité bronchique
 - mais fréquence des exacerbations inchangée
- Confirmation d'une étude rétrospective antérieure 2014



Clinical Studies - COPD

Polosa, R. – 2016

Case-control study

• 48 pts in each group

Lengh: 24 months

• Results: no more cough

Less exacerbation

Improvement walking distance (60 m)



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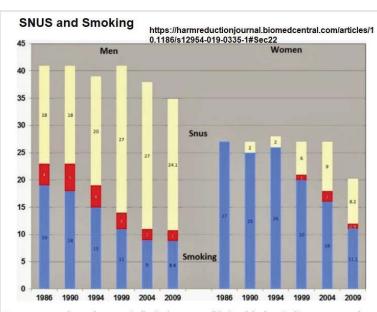
MCI Experience October 2013 – October 2014

- E-cig users ____ 75
- Sub-group
- abstinents > 30 days 32 (43%)
- Length of abstinence
- 1 à 3 months 15 (46%)
- > 3 months 7 (22%)
- 6 9 months 5 (16%)
- 9 12 months 5 (16%)
- Daily uses 49 (65%)





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Percentage prevalence of snus use (yellow), cigarette use (blue) and dual use (red) among men and women aged 25 to 64 in Northern Sweden from 1986 to 2009.

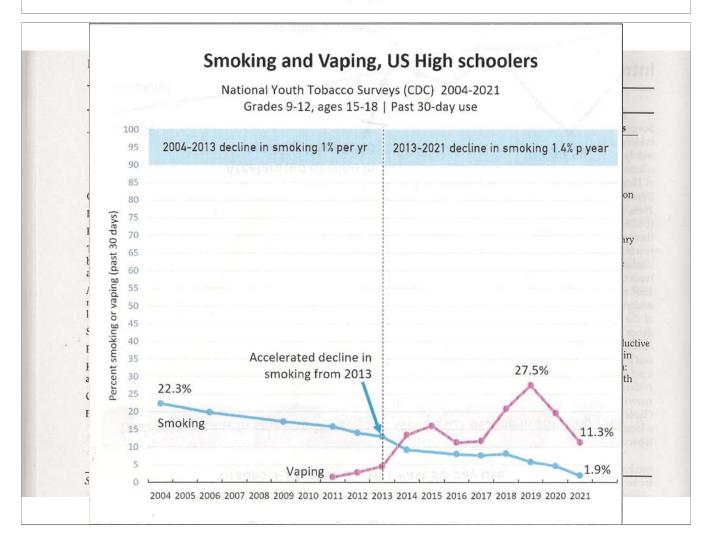
Arguments in favour of FLAVOURS

- Increased satisfaction and enjoyment
- Variety and customization
- Better feel and taste than cigarettes
- Food craving suppression

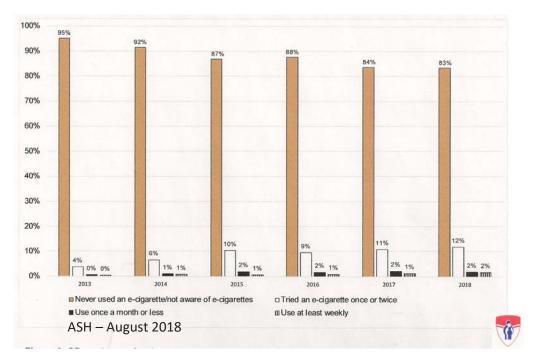
Ref: National Academies of Sciences. Engineering. Medicine. *Public Health Consequences of E-cigarettes.*, 2018.



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Kids 11-18 Years-old Use of *E*-cig in G-B 2013-2018



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Arguments in favour of FLAVOURS

(2)

- Web site Study - Farsalinos et al.

Participants: 4618 (91,2% - Former smokers)

Duration of EC use: 12 months (6 to 23)

Nicotine levels: 12 mg/ml (6-18)

Years of smoking: 22 (15-30)

Ref: Farsalinos, E.K. et al. *Int J Environ Res Public Health*, 2013,10:7272-7282.

Arguments in favour of FLAVOURS (3)

- Web site Study - Farsalinos et al.

Flavour used at EC initiation: tobacco 69%
Flavour used during the study tobacco 43%
fruits 68%
sweet 61%
mint-menthol 32%

Use of multiple flavours (often within the same day) Like variety of choices 73%

Importance in \ /quitting smoking : 4 over 5

Limiting flavours variability

→ less likely to reduce or quit smoking craving for cigarettes



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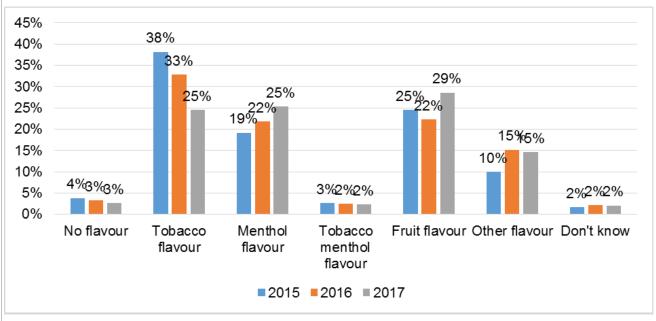
Experience à ITM Octobre 2013 – Octobre 2014

179 Nouveaux Patients

104	(58%)	75 (42%)
	Ø <u>e-cig</u>	e-cig
Sexe	56% F	63% F
Âge moyen	53	57
#Cig/jour	23	25
#Années tabagisme	35.4	39
Cotinine (ng/ml)	265	286
FA _{co} (ppm)	23	23
Fagerström	6 (+/-2)	6 (+/-2)
Tentatives antérieures	4.6	4.12



Flavours used by current vapers



ASH 2017 Fact Sheet

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CONCLUSIONS

- There are <u>benefits</u> in providing a great variety of flavours to encourage vaping by smokers
- Some hardcore smokers need <u>nicotine</u> <u>levels</u> greater than 20 mg/ml
- E-cigarettes should be sold only in specialized shops - quality control
 - teaching
 - adjustment

